



New Zealand
Crime and Victims **survey**

HELP CREATE SAFER COMMUNITIES

Data tables

Cycle 1 (March - September 2018)

Disclaimer

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¹ [The New Zealand Crime and Victims Survey \(NZCVS\) Key findings report \(Cycle 1 - Descriptive statistics\)](#)

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About the Data Tables

Purpose	
These tables summarise the data presented in the New Zealand Crime and Victims Survey (NZCVS) Key findings report (Descriptive statistics - Cycle 1), including information on the accuracy of the estimates. The data are descriptive statistics only. There is no analysis of relationships between variables.	

About the New Zealand Crime and Victims Survey (NZCVS)	
Overview	Nationwide, face-to-face random probability survey, with one respondent selected per household using multistage stratified cluster sampling methods.
Target population	Total usually resident, non-institutionalised, civilian population of New Zealand aged 15 years and over.
Sample composition	Two samples were drawn as part of the NZCVS: a general or 'main' sample and a Māori booster sample that aimed to increase sample size for Māori.
Sample size	A total of 8,030 people responded as part of the NZCVS in 2018. This includes 5,273 responses as part of the main sample and 2,757 for the Māori booster sample.
Interviewing period	1 March 2018 – 7 October 2018
Response rate	The overall response rate was 81%. The response rate for the main sample was 81% and for the for the Māori booster sample was 80%.
Refer to the NZCVS methodology report for further details about the survey.	

Comparison with other statistics	
New Zealand Crime and Safety Survey (NZCASS)	The NZCVS is the successor to the New Zealand Crime and Safety Survey (NZCASS), which was administered in 2006, 2009 and 2013. Although some elements of the NZCVS are similar or the same as NZCASS, the NZCVS questionnaire and methodology has been significantly redesigned. For this reason, the results of the NZCVS are not comparable with previous victimisation surveys.
Police crime statistics	The NZCVS is not comparable with crime statistics reported by Police. The main reason for this is that more than three quarters of crime incidents collected by the NZCVS were not reported to the Police and the proportion of incidents reported to the Police varies significantly depending on the offence type and other factors.

Interpreting statistics	
Weighting	For the population estimates presented two types of weighting were applied: household weights - to ensure that results represent all households in New Zealand, and individual weights - to ensure results represent the New Zealand population.
Sampling error	In these data tables, the margin of error (MoE) is provided for all percentages, and the relative standard error (RSE) is provided for all count estimates and means (averages).
Don't know/refusal responses	All residual response categories have been retained in the dataset, including "don't know", "refused", "can't remember". The way these categories are best handled will be specific to the analysis required. For example, residual categories could be handled by either: dropping them from the analysis; including the residual category in the percentage denominator; including the residual category as a separate output category; or merging the residual category with another response category as appropriate. Which option is used depends on the number of responses in those categories and what is conceptually appropriate for the data item of interest.

Confidence intervals	A measure of an estimate's reliability (i.e., a measure of sampling error). A confidence interval (CI) expresses the sampling error as a range of values between which the 'real' population value is estimated to lie. The 95% CI is used in NZCVS reporting and is calculated as the estimate plus or minus the margin of error (MoE), i.e. $CI = \text{estimate} \pm \text{MoE}$ of the estimate.
Significance testing	The statistical significance of differences in estimates across groups is tested by comparing the 95% confidence intervals, if the confidence intervals of two estimates do not overlap we consider them significantly different. See 'Symbol notation' below. When the difference is noted as statistically significant, then it can be said there is good evidence that the difference is a real difference between the two populations.
Reference year	Most questions in NZCVS use the recall period 12 months preceding the date of the interview. However, some questions were asked about experiences of intimate partner violence and sexual violence over the respondent's lifetime.
Rounding	Estimates presented in these data tables have been rounded. As a result, sums of components may not add exactly to totals. Percentages, ratios, margin of error and relative standard errors have been rounded to two decimal places. Estimates (counts) have been rounded to the nearest 1000. Percentages have been calculated from the unrounded figures, and so calculations using rounded figures may differ from those published. Flagging and suppression of sampling error has been applied on the unrounded figures.

Symbol notation

The following symbols are used for estimates in the data tables:

#	Use with caution. Percentage has a margin of error greater than or equal to 10 and less than 20 percentage points, or the count estimate/mean has a relative standard error greater than or equal to 20% and less than 50%. Statistics should be used with caution because they may be too variable for certain types of reporting.
†	Use with caution. The numerator and/or denominator of the ratio-based estimate has a relative standard error between 20% and 50%. Statistics should be used with caution because they may be too variable for certain types of reporting.
S	Suppressed as the percentage has a margin of error greater than or equal to 20 percentage points, or the count estimate/mean has a relative standard error greater than or equal to 50% which is considered too unreliable for general use.
Ŝ	Suppressed as the numerator and/or denominator of the ratio-based estimate has a relative standard error greater than or equal to 50%, which is considered too unreliable for general use.
*	Statistically significant difference from the New Zealand average, or the relevant total / average, at the 95% confidence level.

Related products

Refer to [resources and results](#) for a full set of available NZCVS resources including the NZCVS Key Findings report (Cycle 1).

Terms and Definitions

Key terms	Definitions
Crime	A general description of an act or omission that constitutes an offence and is punishable by law.
Offence	A specific crime that has been coded according to the Crimes Act 1961 and Police practice.
Offender	A person who committed an offence. An offender may or may not have been convicted of an offence.
Incident	A situation that happened at a specific place and time where one or more offences were committed. Note: If an incident includes more than one offence, in most cases only the most serious offence is coded. For example, an assault with property damage would just be coded as assault. The only exception when two offences will be registered is the situation where the primary offence is burglary and the secondary offence is theft of/unlawful takes/converts motor vehicle. This approach reflects current Police practice.
Personal offences	In the NZCVS, personal offences include the following offence types: theft and property damage (personal); robbery and assault (except sexual assault); fraud and deception; cybercrime; sexual assault; and harassment and threatening behaviour.
Household offences	In the NZCVS, household offences include the following offence types: burglary; theft of/unlawful takes/converts motor vehicle; theft from motor vehicle; unlawful interference/getting into motor vehicle; damage to motor vehicles; unlawful takes/converts/interferes with bicycle; property damage (household); theft (except motor vehicles – household); and trespass.
Interpersonal violence	In the NZCVS, interpersonal violence includes the following offence types: robbery and assault (except sexual assault); sexual assault; harassment and threatening behaviour; and household and personal property damage where the offender is known to the victim.
Family violence	In the NZCVS, family violence includes the following offence types: robbery and assault (except sexual assault); sexual assault; harassment and threatening behaviour; and damage to motor vehicles and property damage provided the offender is a family member. Family members include a current partner (husband, wife, partner, boyfriend or girlfriend), ex-partner (previous husband, wife, partner, boyfriend or girlfriend), or other family member (parent or step-parent; parent's partner, boyfriend or girlfriend; son or daughter including in-laws; sibling or step-sibling; other family members including extended family).
Intimate partner violence (IPV)	In the NZCVS, IPV includes robbery and assault (except sexual assault); sexual assault; harassment and threatening behaviour; and damage to motor vehicles and property damage provided the offender is a current partner or ex-partner.
Psychological violence	Psychological violence includes multiple types of occurrences such as: forcing a victim to stop contacting family or friends; following or keeping track of a victim; controlling a victim's access to phone, internet or transport; preventing a victim's access to healthcare; and pressing a victim into paid work or preventing a victim from doing paid work. Note: During the data collection period (March to October 2018) these actions were not formally considered as crime and therefore were not included in our crime volume calculations. This approach may be reviewed in line with the legislative changes.
Adults	Refers to people aged 15 or over.
Incidence	An estimated total number of offences.
Incidence rate	An average number of offences per 100 adults and/or per 100 households.

	Note: Incidence rates take into account that one adult and one household may be victimised more than once, but they do not take into account that victimisation is unevenly distributed across the population.
Prevalence	The number of adults and/or households who were victims of crime. Note: Prevalence does not take into account that some people and/or households may be victimised more than once.
Prevalence rate	The percentage of the adults and/or households that experienced criminal offences.

Data Tables

Table 1a: Crime rates by offence type

Household offences	Total number of offences			Prevalence Total number of households victimised once or more		
	000s	RSE (%)	RSE level	000s	RSE (%)	RSE level
Burglary	312	9.30		215	6.77	
Theft of/unlawful takes/converts motor vehicle	29	18.79		27	17.47	
Theft (from motor vehicle)	35	19.50		33	19.32	
Unlawful interference/getting into motor vehicle	11	41.28	#	9	32.09	#
Damage to motor vehicles	42	19.67		37	19.01	
Unlawful takes/converts/interferes with bicycle	9	34.90	#	8	32.38	#
Property damage (household)	45	21.39	#	34	19.44	
Theft (except motor vehicles – household)	53	20.95	#	36	17.41	
Trespass	41	19.64		31	18.21	
All household offences	577	7.41		355	5.58	
Personal offences	Total number of offences			Prevalence Total number of adults victimised once or more		
	000s	RSE (%)	RSE level	000s	RSE (%)	RSE level
Theft and property damage (personal)	83	25.88	#	65	24.26	#
Robbery and assault (except sexual assault)	233	25.29	#	111	15.61	
Fraud and deception	273	14.66		207	12.44	
Cybercrime	119	20.33	#	101	19.67	
Sexual assault	193	25.98	#	87	22.62	#
Harassment and threatening behaviour	300	30.29	#	118	18.48	
All personal offences	1200	13.30		575	7.93	
All offences - offence level (a)	1,777	9.36		-	-	
All offences - person level (b)	-	-		1155	4.89	

Notes:

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† The numerator or denominator of ratio-based estimates has a relative standard error between 20% and 50%, and so this estimate should be used with caution.

(a) The total number of all offences are calculated by adding together the total number of household offences and total number of personal offences.

(b) These statistics are person weighted. This means the statistics relate to offences against adults where they were a victim of a personal crime or who lived in a household that was a victim of a household crime. For further detail refer to the explanation of weighting in the [About the Data Tables](#) section or the [Methodology report](#).

Table 1b: Crime rates by offence type

Household offences	Prevalence rate Percentage of households who were victimised once or more			Incidence rate Number of offences per 100 households		
	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Rate per 100 households	RSE (%)	RSE level
Burglary	12.07	0.82		17.49	9.30	
Theft of/unlawful takes/converts motor vehicle	1.52	0.26		1.65	18.79	
Theft (from motor vehicle)	1.84	0.36		1.97	19.50	
Unlawful interference/getting into motor vehicle	0.51	0.16	†	0.64	41.28	#
Damage to motor vehicles	2.07	0.39		2.33	19.67	
Unlawful takes/converts/interferes with bicycle	0.47	0.15	†	0.52	34.90	#
Property damage (household)	1.93	0.37		2.54	21.39	#
Theft (except motor vehicles – household)	2.00	0.35		2.95	20.95	#
Trespass	1.74	0.32		2.32	19.64	
All household offences	19.94	1.11		32.40	7.41	
Personal offences	Prevalence rate Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more			Incidence rate Number of offences per 100 adults		
	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Rate per 100 households	RSE (%)	RSE level
Theft and property damage (personal)	1.66	0.40	†	2.10	25.88	#
Robbery and assault (except sexual assault)	2.82	0.44		5.92	25.29	#
Fraud and deception	5.24	0.65		6.92	14.66	
Cybercrime	2.57	0.50		3.01	20.33	#
Sexual assault	2.22	0.50	†	4.88	25.98	#
Harassment and threatening behaviour	2.98	0.55		7.62	30.29	#
All personal offences	14.60	1.16		30.45	13.30	
All offences - offence level (a)	-	-		-	-	
All offences - person level (b)	29.31	1.43		60.27	8.04	

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(a) The total number of all offences are calculated by adding together the total number of household offences and total number of personal offences.

(b) These statistics are person weighted. This means the statistics relate to offences against adults where they were a victim of a personal crime or who lived in a household that was a victim of a household crime. For further detail refer to the explanation of weighting in the [About the Data Tables](#) section or the [Methodology report](#).

Table 2.1a: Crime prevalence rates by victim demographic factors (all offences)

All offences	Prevalence rate			
	Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more			
	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	29.31	1.43		
Sex				
Male	29.15	2.00		
Female	29.47	1.86		
Sexual orientation				
Heterosexual or straight	29.09	1.43		
Gay or lesbian	40.27	12.97	#	
Bisexual	49.02	12.66	#	*
Other	Ŝ	16.99	Ŝ	
Age				
15–19 years	29.74	7.11	†	
20–29 years	39.85	4.35		*
30–39 years	30.55	3.09		
40–49 years	31.19	3.12		
50–59 years	30.42	3.26		
60–64 years	24.15	4.12		
65 years and over	18.04	2.33		*
Ethnicity				
NZ European	29.65	1.76		
Māori	37.27	3.07		*
Pacific peoples	26.76	4.50		
Asian ¹	24.19	3.78		
Chinese	18.53	5.76	†	*
Indian	29.65	7.11	†	
Other ethnicity	27.13	9.11	†	
Marital status				
Married/civil union/de facto	26.58	1.59		
Separated/dissolved (divorced)	35.44	4.74		
Widowed/surviving partner	19.96	3.88	†	*
Never married or civil union	35.43	3.06		*
Partnered, legally registered	26.58	1.58		
Partnered, not legally registered	39.23	5.28		*
Non-partnered	31.73	2.29		
Life satisfaction				
0 to 6 (Least satisfied)	41.74	3.61		*
7	35.65	3.71		*
8	29.00	2.44		
9	26.40	3.03		
10 (Most satisfied)	21.85	2.23		*

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* Statistically significant difference from the New Zealand average at the 95% confidence level.

¹ Chinese and Indian people are part of the Asian ethnicity group and not excluded from the Asian ethnicity group results.

Table 2.1b: Crime prevalence rates by victim demographic factors (all offences)

All offences	Prevalence rate			
	Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more			
	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	29.31	1.43		
Perception of safety				
0 to 6 (Least safe)	51.36	3.84		*
7	37.62	4.94		*
8	30.21	2.46		
9	25.76	2.85		
10 (Most safe)	20.56	2.22		*
Disability				
Disabled	27.38	5.87	‡	
Not disabled	29.41	1.49		
Psychological distress				
Low level of psychological distress	27.33	1.48		
Moderate level of psychological distress	47.64	5.66		*
High level of psychological distress	64.96	7.90	‡	*
Location				
Auckland	29.22	2.61		
Waikato	30.00	5.07		
Wellington	32.75	4.45		
Canterbury	28.76	4.58		
Other North Island	29.02	2.72		
Other South Island	26.78	4.66		
Urbanisation				
Major urban area	30.59	2.15		
Large urban area	32.28	3.67		
Medium urban area	26.64	4.38	‡	
Small urban area	28.39	4.44	‡	
Rural settlement/Rural other	23.82	3.59	‡	*
Household composition				
One person household	27.49	2.25		
One parent with child(ren)	41.59	5.43		*
One parent with child(ren) and other person(s)	44.97	9.18	‡	*
Couple only	23.65	2.08		*
Couple with no children and other person(s)	33.93	6.85	‡	
Couple with child(ren)	28.94	2.91		
Couple with child(ren) and other person(s)	33.05	6.00	‡	
Multiple family household	36.65	10.05	#	
Other multi-person household	31.24	6.59	‡	

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* Statistically significant difference from the New Zealand average at the 95% confidence level.

Table 2.1c: Crime prevalence rates by victim demographic factors (all offences)

All offences	Prevalence rate			
	Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more			
	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	29.31	1.43		
Household size				
One person household	27.49	2.25		
Two people household	25.86	1.90		*
Three people household	33.90	3.55		
Four people household	29.79	3.92		
Five or more people household	33.92	5.11		
Number of children in a household				
No children household	28.20	1.68		
One child household	31.34	4.38		
Two children household	31.96	4.83		
Three children household	35.89	7.41	‡	
Four or more children household	41.80	12.04	#	
Household ownership				
Owned (including with a mortgage)	27.83	1.71		
Rented, Private	32.84	2.85		
Rented, government (local/central)	29.73	8.05	‡	
Household income				
\$10,000 or less	30.65	6.41	‡	
\$10,001–\$20,000	24.92	5.35	‡	
\$20,001–\$30,000	25.05	3.35		
\$30,001–\$40,000	25.68	3.99		
\$40,001–\$50,000	28.74	5.23	‡	
\$50,001–\$60,000	27.04	3.91		
\$60,001–\$70,000	30.31	4.50		
\$70,001–\$100,000	29.13	3.31		
\$100,001–\$150,000	29.50	3.45		
\$150,001 or more	36.93	4.16		*
Financial pressure (ability to afford purchasing a non-essential item for \$300)				
Not at all limited	26.18	2.01		
A little limited	28.97	3.44		
Quite limited	33.81	4.87		
Very Limited	36.43	4.38		*
Couldn't buy it	32.95	3.65		
Financial pressure (ability to afford an unexpected spending of \$500 within a month without borrowing)				
Yes, can meet unexpected expense	28.31	1.62		
No, cannot meet unexpected expense	35.76	3.95		*

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* Statistically significant difference from the New Zealand average at the 95% confidence level.

Table 2.1d: Crime prevalence rates by victim demographic factors (all offences)

All offences	Prevalence rate			
	Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more			
	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	29.31	1.43		
Employment status				
Employed	31.34	1.94		
Unemployed	29.00	6.42	‡	
Retired	17.89	2.49		*
Home or caring duties	31.45	5.00	‡	
Not employed, studying	38.84	6.52	‡	*
Not employed, not actively seeking work	32.25	10.54	#	
Other (not specified)	25.63	7.07	‡	
Deprivation deciles				
Decile 1 (Least deprived)	25.01	5.05	‡	
Decile 2	23.69	4.89	‡	
Decile 3	27.56	4.30	‡	
Decile 4	27.42	4.66	‡	
Decile 5	26.13	5.81	‡	
Decile 6	31.22	4.00	‡	
Decile 7	31.76	5.76	‡	
Decile 8	32.05	4.42	‡	
Decile 9	34.86	4.74	‡	
Decile 10 (Most deprived)	33.58	5.61		
Deprivation quintiles				
Quintile 1 (Least deprived)	24.35	3.36		*
Quintile 2	27.49	3.25		
Quintile 3	28.97	3.38		
Quintile 4	31.91	3.28		
Quintile 5 (Most deprived)	34.21	3.57		

Percentage has a margin of error between 10 and 20 percentage points or the estimate/mean has a relative standard error between 20% and 50% and should be used with caution.

‡ The numerator and/or denominator of the ratio estimate has a relative standard error between 20% and 50%, and so this estimate should be used with caution.

S Suppressed as the percentage has a margin of error greater than or equal to 20 percentage points, or the count estimate/mean has a relative standard error greater than or equal to 50%, which is considered too unreliable for general use.

Ŝ Suppressed as the numerator and/or denominator of the ratio estimate has a relative standard error greater than or equal to 50%, which is considered too unreliable for general use.

* Statistically significant difference from the New Zealand average at the 95% confidence level.

Table 2.2a: Personal and household crime prevalence rates by victim demographic factors

All offences	Prevalence rate (Personal Offences) Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more				Prevalence rate (Household Offences) Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more			
	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	14.60	1.16			19.94	1.11		
Sex								
Male	14.60	1.72			19.09	1.52		
Female	14.59	1.37			20.57	1.46		
Sexual orientation								
Heterosexual or straight	14.24	1.14			19.88	1.10		
Gay or lesbian	§	12.92	§		24.88	9.52	†	
Bisexual	39.22	13.00	#	*	24.64	9.01	†	
Other	§	10.18	§		§	15.07	§	
Age								
15–19 years	19.64	5.61	†		19.88	4.81	†	
20–29 years	20.88	3.38		*	27.12	3.11		*
30–39 years	14.90	2.42			22.44	2.51		
40–49 years	14.14	2.43			23.91	2.76		*
50–59 years	14.13	2.47			21.81	2.26		
60–64 years	11.72	2.95	†		15.83	3.55	†	
65 years and over	8.65	1.75	†	*	11.08	1.79		*
Ethnicity								
NZ European	15.68	1.45			18.93	1.25		
Māori	19.29	2.69		*	27.25	2.20		*
Pacific peoples	13.23	3.64	†		21.06	3.90		
Asian ¹	7.36	2.10	†	*	17.88	3.20		
Chinese	§	2.67	§	*	14.66	4.69	†	
Indian	10.01	4.24	†		23.28	6.26	†	
Other ethnicity	14.65	6.73	†		18.99	7.53	†	
Marital status								
Married/civil union/de facto	12.22	1.23			18.32	1.32		
Separated/dissolved (divorced)	18.97	4.05	†		23.16	2.83		
Widowed/surviving partner	8.38	2.60	†	*	13.53	2.86	†	*
Never married or civil union	19.97	2.65		*	24.36	2.36		*
Partnered, legally registered	12.27	1.23			18.27	1.33		
Partnered, not legally registered	22.51	4.18	†	*	25.47	3.66		*
Non-partnered	16.87	2.02			21.22	1.70		
Life satisfaction								
0 to 6 (Least satisfied)	25.34	3.24		*	28.55	3.14		*
7	17.60	2.78			23.91	2.70		*
8	14.58	2.19			18.93	1.85		
9	12.31	2.44			18.02	2.07		
10 (Most satisfied)	9.27	1.61		*	15.34	1.78		*

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† The numerator and/or denominator of the ratio estimate has a relative standard error between 20% and 50%, and so this estimate should be used with caution.

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§ Suppressed as the numerator and/or denominator of the ratio estimate has a relative standard error greater than or equal to 50%, which is considered too unreliable for general use.

* Statistically significant difference from the New Zealand average at the 95% confidence level.

¹ Chinese and Indian people are part of the Asian ethnicity group and not excluded from the Asian ethnicity group results.

Table 2.2b: Personal and household crime prevalence rates by victim demographic factors

All offences	Prevalence rate (Personal Offences) Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more				Prevalence rate (Household Offences) Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more			
	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	14.60	1.16			19.94	1.11		
Perception of safety								
0 to 6 (Least safe)	25.25	3.96		*	39.66	3.68		*
7	18.89	3.27			26.37	3.30		*
8	14.69	1.90			19.56	2.00		
9	14.13	2.45			16.02	1.85		*
10 (Most safe)	9.56	1.61		*	13.17	1.64		*
Disability								
Disabled	13.21	4.17	†		19.24	4.84	†	
Not disabled	14.66	1.22			19.98	1.10		
Psychological distress								
Low level of psychological distress	12.67	1.23			18.59	1.08		
Moderate level of psychological distress	31.16	4.84		*	31.05	4.70		*
High level of psychological distress	49.71	9.63	†	*	43.91	7.42	†	*
Location								
Auckland	13.37	1.86			20.41	1.89		
Waikato	12.94	3.23	†		22.86	3.42		
Wellington	18.29	3.48	†		21.91	3.06		
Canterbury	15.03	3.24	†		18.80	3.25		
Other North Island	14.35	1.98			20.82	2.30		
Other South Island	16.35	3.72	†		13.84	3.11	†	*
Urbanisation								
Major urban area	14.80	1.60			20.81	1.56		
Large urban area	16.42	2.72	†		22.56	3.17		
Medium urban area	13.00	2.87	†		18.27	3.18	†	
Small urban area	13.80	2.75	†		20.65	3.94	†	
Rural settlement/Rural other	13.59	2.91	†		14.93	2.60	†	*
Household composition								
One person household	13.48	1.67			18.86	1.89		
One parent with child(ren)	20.60	4.19	†	*	31.21	4.22		*
One parent with child(ren) and other person(s)	20.63	6.85	†		35.31	7.41	†	*
Couple only	11.95	1.70			14.76	1.80		*
Couple with no children and other person(s)	18.54	5.46	†		21.12	4.85	†	
Couple with child(ren)	12.22	2.11			22.24	2.59		
Couple with child(ren) and other person(s)	20.44	5.45	†		20.64	4.76	†	
Multiple family household	17.36	8.26	†		25.08	7.04	†	
Other multi-person household	16.79	4.91	†		21.92	4.21		

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† The numerator and/or denominator of the ratio estimate has a relative standard error between 20% and 50%, and so this estimate should be used with caution.

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* Statistically significant difference from the New Zealand average at the 95% confidence level.

Table 2.2c: Personal and household crime prevalence rates by victim demographic factors

All offences	Prevalence rate (Personal Offences) Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more				Prevalence rate (Household Offences) Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more			
	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	14.60	1.16			19.94	1.11		
Household size								
One person household	13.48	1.67			18.86	1.89		
Two people household	13.34	1.65			16.63	1.75		*
Three people household	16.61	2.80			25.02	2.78		*
Four people household	13.28	2.95	‡		22.66	2.84		
Five or more people household	18.24	4.44	‡		25.10	4.02		*
Number of children in a household								
No children household	14.58	1.28			18.27	1.25		
One child household	14.04	3.46	‡		24.93	3.30		*
Two children household	13.09	2.99	‡		24.03	3.73		
Three children household	19.21	6.28	‡		27.53	6.48	‡	
Four or more children household	18.72	8.82	‡		34.78	9.54	‡	*
Household ownership								
Owned (including with a mortgage)	13.89	1.31			18.14	1.41		
Rented, Private	16.40	2.30			22.28	2.18		
Rented, government (local/central)	13.65	4.35	‡		29.58	4.73	‡	*
Household income								
\$10,000 or less	16.21	5.59	‡		23.89	4.89	‡	
\$10,001–\$20,000	12.88	3.33	‡		19.46	3.76	‡	
\$20,001–\$30,000	12.95	2.64	‡		17.64	2.73		
\$30,001–\$40,000	11.79	2.83	‡		18.78	3.14		
\$40,001–\$50,000	14.51	4.09	‡		19.41	3.49	‡	
\$50,001–\$60,000	15.45	3.56	‡		19.49	3.10		
\$60,001–\$70,000	14.79	3.64	‡		19.61	3.38	‡	
\$70,001–\$100,000	11.56	2.16			21.57	2.44		
\$100,001–\$150,000	14.17	2.54			20.34	2.79		
\$150,001 or more	21.80	3.40		*	20.34	3.14		
Financial pressure (ability to afford purchasing a non-essential item for \$300)								
Not at all limited	12.39	1.52			17.54	1.62		
A little limited	14.38	2.74			18.98	2.41		
Quite limited	16.72	3.57	‡		23.71	3.46		
Very Limited	19.91	3.87	‡	*	24.07	3.47		
Couldn't buy it	17.41	2.85			24.51	2.97		*
Financial pressure (ability to afford an unexpected spending of \$500 within a month without borrowing)								
Yes, can meet unexpected expense	13.49	1.31			18.79	1.20		
No, cannot meet unexpected expense	20.40	3.19		*	26.01	2.59		*

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Table 2.2d: Personal and household crime prevalence rates by victim demographic factors

All offences	Prevalence rate (Personal Offences) Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more				Prevalence rate (Household Offences) Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more			
	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	14.60	1.16			19.94	1.11		
Employment status								
Employed	15.39	1.45			21.52	1.37		
Unemployed	17.29	4.98	‡		21.68	4.59	‡	
Retired	8.06	1.68	‡	*	10.90	1.71		*
Home or caring duties	10.68	2.94	‡		26.86	4.24	‡	*
Not employed, studying	24.57	6.66	‡	*	21.89	4.53	‡	
Not employed, not actively seeking work	19.38	7.90	‡		29.03	8.17	‡	
Other (not specified)	13.32	5.44	‡		22.81	6.71	‡	
Deprivation deciles								
Decile 1 (Least deprived)	15.90	4.57	‡		13.83	3.39	‡	*
Decile 2	12.46	3.25	‡		15.46	3.45	‡	
Decile 3	14.20	3.19	‡		17.02	3.20	‡	
Decile 4	13.58	3.21	‡		18.71	3.67	‡	
Decile 5	12.13	3.54	‡		15.57	3.63	‡	
Decile 6	14.55	3.21	‡		20.07	3.01	‡	
Decile 7	16.88	4.01	‡		21.33	3.49	‡	
Decile 8	14.23	3.28	‡		21.99	3.66	‡	
Decile 9	15.93	3.73	‡		25.05	2.92	‡	*
Decile 10 (Most deprived)	16.29	3.72	‡		29.48	4.21		*
Deprivation quintiles								
Quintile 1 (Least deprived)	14.18	2.81	‡		14.66	2.32		*
Quintile 2	13.90	2.27			17.85	2.37		
Quintile 3	13.48	2.21	‡		18.06	2.27		
Quintile 4	15.48	2.56	‡		21.67	2.38		
Quintile 5 (Most deprived)	16.11	2.58			27.25	2.53		*

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Table 2.3a: Personal and household crime incidence rates by victim demographic factors

All offences	Incidence rate (Personal Offences) Number of offences per 100 adults				Incidence rate (Household Offences) Number of offences per 100 households			
	Number of offences per 100 adults	RSE (%)	RSE level	Sig.	Number of offences per 100 households	RSE (%)	RSE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	30.45	13.30			32.40	7.41		
Sex								
Male	27.49	20.66	‡		28.79	11.45		
Female	33.25	16.57			35.08	9.19		
Sexual orientation								
Heterosexual or straight	29.49	13.83			32.22	7.38		
Gay or lesbian	S	61.97	S	*	33.07	45.61	#	
Bisexual	S	55.85	S	*	Ŝ	48.02	Ŝ	
Other	S	149.02	S	*	S	117.70	S	
Age								
15–19 years	61.44	48.96	#		30.47	28.83	#	
20–29 years	50.08	26.17	#	*	44.16	15.49		*
30–39 years	26.17	18.74			38.12	15.11		
40–49 years	30.31	25.90	#		38.37	14.19		
50–59 years	25.51	20.59	#		37.82	17.06		
60–64 years	S	50.87	S		24.85	26.54	#	
65 years and over	12.78	31.02	#	*	15.89	21.22	#	*
Ethnicity								
NZ European	33.84	16.22			29.90	9.05		
Māori	42.42	21.25	#		51.76	11.99		*
Pacific peoples	25.80	35.93	#		31.70	21.97	#	
Asian ¹	10.52	29.73	#	*	24.40	19.24		*
Chinese	S	69.94	S	*	19.30	34.00	#	*
Indian	13.76	44.50	#	*	32.20	26.94	#	*
Other ethnicity	S	83.94	S		Ŝ	47.58	Ŝ	
Marital status								
Married/civil union/de facto	20.83	13.94		*	26.16	9.87		*
Separated/dissolved (divorced)	39.43	28.00	#		44.20	16.74		*
Widowed/surviving partner	11.52	34.99	#	*	22.71	26.60	#	*
Never married or civil union	53.52	23.51	#	*	44.78	14.70		*
Partnered, legally registered	20.88	14.04		*	26.12	9.98		*
Partnered, not legally registered	67.85	36.21	#	*	42.43	19.00	‡	*
Non-partnered	38.15	20.90	#		39.91	11.66		*
Life satisfaction								
0 to 6 (Least satisfied)	70.97	30.40	#	*	58.79	18.25		*
7	36.18	22.43	#		36.50	14.04		
8	28.24	17.33			30.19	12.69		
9	20.47	24.54	#	*	26.19	12.96		*
10 (Most satisfied)	18.17	29.07	#	*	23.05	14.73		*

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¹ Chinese and Indian people are part of the Asian ethnicity group and not excluded from the Asian ethnicity group results.

Table 2.3b: Personal and household crime incidence rates by victim demographic factors

All offences	Incidence rate (Personal Offences) Number of offences per 100 adults				Incidence rate (Household Offences) Number of offences per 100 households			
	Number of offences per 100 adults	RSE (%)	RSE level	Sig.	Number of offences per 100 households	RSE (%)	RSE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	30.45	13.30			32.40	7.41		
Perception of safety								
0 to 6 (Least safe)	76.57	33.20	#	*	87.87	15.28		*
7	32.10	22.21	#		43.41	18.11		*
8	24.87	18.63			27.41	11.21		
9	29.96	26.44	#		22.50	12.04		*
10 (Most safe)	20.10	27.92	#	*	19.07	13.55		*
Disability								
Disabled	34.62	48.36	#		32.20	30.47	#	
Not disabled	30.25	14.11			32.41	7.31		
Psychological distress								
Low level of psychological distress	24.23	15.68			28.05	6.87		*
Moderate level of psychological distress	78.13	25.84	#	*	59.56	20.50	#	*
High level of psychological distress	§	49.08	§	*	126.30	32.18	#	*
Location								
Auckland	26.87	24.98	#		31.16	11.77		
Waikato	24.23	30.13	#		39.42	20.65	#	
Wellington	38.15	26.66	#		38.00	19.17		
Canterbury	34.40	39.02	#		25.78	18.31		
Other North Island	31.41	23.24	#		36.35	16.06		
Other South Island	33.27	34.85	#		24.28	37.99	#	
Urbanisation								
Major urban area	30.75	16.33			32.39	10.72		
Large urban area	35.38	30.31	#		40.95	19.83		
Medium urban area	S	53.00	S		29.45	23.65	#	
Small urban area	26.25	27.87	#		38.82	29.53	#	
Rural settlement/Rural other	28.93	45.59	#		21.39	19.56	†	*

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* Statistically significant difference from the New Zealand average at the 95% confidence level.

Table 2.3c: Personal and household crime incidence rates by victim demographic factors

All offences	Incidence rate (Personal Offences) Number of offences per 100 adults				Incidence rate (Household Offences) Number of offences per 100 households			
	Number of offences per 100 adults	RSE (%)	RSE level	Sig.	Number of offences per 100 households	RSE (%)	RSE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	30.45	13.30			32.40	7.41		
Household composition								
One person household	26.15	19.50	†		33.05	13.63		
One parent with child(ren)	46.85	29.57	#		65.98	20.08	#	*
One parent with child(ren) and other person(s)	35.20	35.09	#		55.87	28.05	#	*
Couple only	23.51	23.62	#		19.84	14.04		*
Couple with no children and other person(s)	S	54.67	S		28.75	24.48	#	
Couple with child(ren)	21.43	23.51	#		32.74	13.94		
Couple with child(ren) and other person(s)	S	51.05	S		30.10	31.06	#	
Multiple family household	S	58.74	S		46.77	32.98	#	
Other multi-person household	43.86	33.84	#		39.36	25.69	#	
Household size								
One person household	26.15	19.50	†		33.05	13.63		
Two people household	27.28	19.70	†		24.38	11.96		*
Three people household	40.87	27.58	#		40.17	13.89		
Four people household	26.08	35.87	#		36.97	15.90		
Five or more people household	36.14	36.02	#		43.23	22.79	#	
Number of children in a household								
No children household	30.40	15.18			29.12	8.87		
One child household	34.41	30.82	#		41.28	16.47		
Two children household	27.85	46.59	#		38.96	19.65		
Three children household	26.76	34.80	#		46.14	31.79	#	
Four or more children household	27.26	47.76	#		77.09	46.42	#	*
Household ownership								
Owned (including with a mortgage)	28.49	17.73			27.25	9.32		*
Rented, Private	34.79	17.48			37.56	11.77		
Rented, government (local/central)	31.93	39.11	#		64.97	24.45	#	*

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* Statistically significant difference from the New Zealand average at the 95% confidence level.

Table 2.3d: Personal and household crime incidence rates by victim demographic factors

All offences	Incidence rate (Personal Offences) Number of offences per 100 adults				Incidence rate (Household Offences) Number of offences per 100 households			
	Number of offences per 100 adults	RSE (%)	RSE level	Sig.	Number of offences per 100 households	RSE (%)	RSE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	30.45	13.30			32.40	7.41		
Household income								
\$10,000 or less	35.32	43.41	#		37.17	23.32	#	
\$10,001–\$20,000	29.34	34.82	#		45.90	29.17	#	
\$20,001–\$30,000	28.26	37.14	#		38.20	25.84	#	
\$30,001–\$40,000	21.70	38.83	#		32.53	23.00	#	
\$40,001–\$50,000	32.29	37.17	#		31.67	19.93	†	
\$50,001–\$60,000	33.89	39.33	#		34.72	21.67	#	
\$60,001–\$70,000	26.61	30.03	#		27.19	21.72	#	
\$70,001–\$100,000	21.92	24.90	#		30.58	13.28		
\$100,001–\$150,000	25.98	25.38	#		27.51	14.95		
\$150,001 or more	53.54	35.09	#	*	28.59	19.38	†	
Financial pressure (ability to afford purchasing a non-essential item for \$300)								
Not at all limited	21.98	17.00		*	25.46	10.27		*
A little limited	32.16	31.77	#		26.54	14.03		
Quite limited	36.40	40.53	#		40.38	19.31	†	
Very Limited	38.99	38.72	#		37.65	18.18		
Couldn't buy it	47.55	23.50	#	*	53.91	18.22		*
Financial pressure (ability to afford an unexpected spending of \$500 within a month without borrowing)								
Yes, can meet unexpected expense	27.19	15.91			27.22	7.99		*
No, cannot meet unexpected expense	48.24	26.12	#	*	56.88	16.25		*

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* Statistically significant difference from the New Zealand average at the 95% confidence level.

Table 2.3e: Personal and household crime incidence rates by victim demographic factors

All offences	Incidence rate (Personal Offences) Number of offences per 100 adults				Incidence rate (Household Offences) Number of offences per 100 households			
	Number of offences per 100 adults	RSE (%)	RSE level	Sig.	Number of offences per 100 households	RSE (%)	RSE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	30.45	13.30			32.40	7.41		
Employment status								
Employed	32.08	15.98			33.14	7.56		
Unemployed	43.43	44.94	#		41.79	25.05	#	
Retired	11.39	27.08	#	*	15.45	20.42	#	*
Home or caring duties	22.33	37.86	#		55.96	25.62	#	*
Not employed, studying	‡	46.62	‡		32.00	25.58	#	
Not employed, not actively seeking work	44.96	44.07	#		S	54.28	S	
Other (not specified)	25.37	46.06	#		41.77	36.79	#	
Deprivation deciles								
Decile 1 (Least deprived)	S	51.42	S		18.79	26.20	#	*
Decile 2	S	54.30	S		20.23	22.91	#	*
Decile 3	29.45	41.18	#		24.05	22.87	#	*
Decile 4	28.40	33.20	#		28.55	32.97	#	
Decile 5	21.40	40.68	#		23.14	32.47	#	
Decile 6	28.74	30.20	#		31.88	19.71	†	
Decile 7	36.31	38.29	#		30.73	17.92	†	
Decile 8	29.81	30.87	#		35.87	19.11	†	
Decile 9	31.66	31.50	#		44.47	16.38	†	*
Decile 10 (Most deprived)	35.41	31.62	#		64.12	20.79	#	*
Deprivation quintiles								
Quintile 1 (Least deprived)	31.88	37.49	#		19.52	16.79		*
Quintile 2	28.95	26.76	#		26.24	20.36	#	
Quintile 3	25.50	23.25	#		27.98	15.87		
Quintile 4	32.87	23.58	#		33.43	12.59		
Quintile 5 (Most deprived)	33.56	20.86	#		54.24	14.26		*

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* Statistically significant difference from the New Zealand average at the 95% confidence level.

Table 3a: Crime rates by offence grouping

Personal offences	Total number of offences			Prevalence Total number of individuals victimised once or more		
	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level
Interpersonal violence						
Sexual assaults	193	25.98	#	87	22.62	#
Assaults and robberies	233	25.29	#	111	15.61	
Threatening behaviour and property damage	322	27.98	#	134	17.00	
All interpersonal violence	748	18.26		295	11.28	
Family violence						
Partner	69	31.56	#	30	24.94	#
Ex-partner	44	39.79	#	16	33.56	#
Other family member	S	54.23	S	40	34.21	#
Family violence total	191	27.66	#	79	19.25	
Psychological violence						
Stopping contacting friends/family				68	25.32	#
Following/keeping track				43	23.23	#
Controlling access to phone/comp/transport				36	28.18	#
Preventing access to healthcare				S	52.40	S
Pressing into paid work				21	42.18	#
Stopping from doing paid work				30	31.60	#
All psychological violence				104	20.20	#
Non-violent personal crime						
Fraud and deception	273	14.66		207	12.44	
Cybercrime	119	20.33	#	101	19.67	
Total	391	11.98		299	10.98	
Household offences	Total number of offences			Prevalence Total number of households victimised once or more		
	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level
Property crime						
Theft and damage	105	15.64		73	11.99	
Vehicle offences	117	12.26		101	11.48	
Burglary	312	9.30		215	6.77	

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Note: Respondents are not asked about the number of psychological violence incidents that occurred meaning incident counts and incident rates cannot be provided

Table 3b: Crime rates by offence grouping

Personal offences	Prevalence rate Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more			Incidence rate Number of offences per 100 adults		
	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Rate per 100 adults	RSE (%)	RSE level
Interpersonal violence						
Sexual assaults	2.22	0.50	‡	4.88	25.98	#
Assaults and robberies	2.82	0.44		5.92	25.29	#
Threatening behaviour and property damage	3.41	0.58		8.17	27.98	#
All interpersonal violence	7.48	0.84		18.97	18.26	
Family violence						
Partner	0.77	0.19	‡	1.76	31.56	#
Ex-partner	0.42	0.14	‡	1.11	39.79	#
Other family member	1.02	0.35	‡	S	54.24	S
Family violence total	2.02	0.39		4.85	27.66	#
Psychological violence						
Stopping contacting friends/family	2.35	0.60	‡			
Following/keeping track	1.49	0.35	‡			
Controlling access to phone/comp/transport	1.23	0.35	‡			
Preventing access to healthcare	§	0.37	§			
Pressing into paid work	0.73	0.31	‡			
Stopping from doing paid work	1.06	0.33	‡			
All psychological violence	3.60	0.73	‡			
Non-violent personal crime						
Fraud and deception	5.24	0.65		6.92	14.66	
Cybercrime	2.57	0.50		3.01	20.33	#
Total	7.58	0.83		9.93	11.98	
Household offences	Prevalence rate Percentage of households that were victimised once or more			Incidence rate Number of offences per 100 households		
	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Rate per 100 adults	RSE (%)	RSE level
Property crime						
Theft and damage	4.10	0.49		5.89	15.64	
Vehicle offences	5.68	0.65		6.59	12.26	
Burglary	12.07	0.82		17.49	9.30	

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Note: Respondents are not asked about the number of psychological violence incidents that occurred meaning incident counts and incident rates cannot be provided

Table 4a: Family violence by relationship with offender and victim demographic factors

All family violence	Total number of offences			Prevalence Total number of adults victimised once or more		
	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level
New Zealand average	191	27.66	#	79	19.25	
Sex						
Male	S	78.42	S	23	46.51	#
Female	140	27.92	#	57	22.05	#
Age						
15–29 years	S	54.49	S	32	36.73	#
30–39 years	24	39.79	#	11	38.26	#
40–49 years	46	41.98	#	18	42.23	#
50 years and over	32	49.79	#	18	48.65	#
Ethnicity						
NZ European	144	33.97	#	63	23.43	#
Māori	61	33.49	#	23	26.40	#
Pacific/Asian/Other	S	59.17	S	S	55.52	S
Intimate partner violence (IPV)	Total number of offences			Prevalence Total number of adults victimised once or more		
	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level
New Zealand average	113	24.65	#	44	21.21	#
Sex						
Male	S	66.00	S	10	47.83	#
Female	89	28.25	#	34	25.75	#
Age						
15–29 years	41	46.21	#	17	40.84	#
30–39 years	19	47.64	#	8	40.36	#
40–49 years	33	48.95	#	11	42.10	#
50 years and over	S	65.13	S	S	52.20	S
Ethnicity						
NZ European	80	29.24	#	34	25.01	#
Māori	45	41.50	#	14	30.73	#
Pacific/Asian/Other	S	81.32	S	S	77.50	S

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Table 4b: Family violence by relationship with offender and victim demographic factors

Current partner violence	Total number of offences			Prevalence Total number of adults victimised once or more		
	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level
New Zealand average	69	31.56	#	30	24.94	#
Sex						
Male	S	78.47	S	S	54.95	S
Female	52	34.71	#	22	28.02	#
Ethnicity						
NZ European	51	35.73	#	23	29.42	#
Māori	S	64.36	S	9	39.52	#
Pacific/Asian/Other	S	90.32	S	S	99.20	S
Ex-partner violence	Total number of offences			Prevalence Total number of adults victimised once or more		
	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level
New Zealand average	44	39.79	#	16	33.56	#
Sex						
Male	S	117.57	S	S	87.59	S
Female	37	43.59	#	14	37.96	#
Ethnicity						
NZ European	S	50.27	S	13	40.77	#
Māori	20	49.25	#	7	46.53	#
Pacific/Asian/Other	S	155.97	S	S	123.59	S
Other family violence	Total number of offences			Prevalence Total number of adults victimised once or more		
	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level
New Zealand average	S	54.23	S	40	34.21	#
Sex						
Male	S	114.82	S	S	63.21	S
Female	S	56.90	S	26	40.83	#
Ethnicity						
NZ European	S	66.05	S	32	41.86	#
Māori	19	49.74	#	11	41.62	#
Pacific/Asian/Other	S	80.17	S	S	69.51	S

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Table 4c: Family violence by relationship with offender and victim demographic factors

All family violence	Prevalence rate Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more				Incidence rate Number of offences per 100 adults			
	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.	Rate per 100 adults	RSE (%)	RSE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	2.02	0.39			4.85	27.66	#	
Sex								
Male	1.18	0.55	†		S	78.43	S	
Female	2.81	0.61	†		6.90	27.44	#	
Age								
15–29 years	3.39	1.24	†		S	54.50	S	
30–39 years	1.56	0.61	†		3.44	39.54	#	
40–49 years	3.04	1.26	†		7.76	41.44	#	
50 years and over	1.07	0.52	†	*	1.91	49.27	#	*
Ethnicity								
NZ European	2.30	0.53	†		5.28	33.69	#	
Māori	4.09	1.09	†	*	10.95	33.69	#	*
Pacific/Asian/Other	Ŝ	0.38	Ŝ	*	S	59.14	S	*
Intimate partner violence (IPV)	Prevalence rate Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more				Incidence rate Number of offences per 100 adults			
	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.	Rate per 100 adults	RSE (%)	RSE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	1.11	0.24	#		2.86	24.65	#	
Sex								
Male	0.52	0.25	†	*	S	65.79	S	*
Female	1.67	0.43	†		4.40	27.96	#	
Age								
15–29 years	1.76	0.72	†		4.32	46.22	#	
30–39 years	1.10	0.45	†		2.73	47.42	#	
40–49 years	1.93	0.80	†		5.67	48.67	#	
50 years and over	Ŝ	0.24	Ŝ	*	S	64.84	S	*
Ethnicity								
NZ European	1.24	0.31	†		2.93	29.01	#	
Māori	2.48	0.77	†	*	8.07	41.67	#	*
Pacific/Asian/Other	Ŝ	0.33	Ŝ	*	S	81.10	S	*

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Table 4d: Family violence by relationship with offender and victim demographic factors

Current partner violence	Prevalence rate Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more				Incidence rate Number of offences per 100 adults			
	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.	Rate per 100 adults	RSE (%)	RSE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	0.77	0.19	#		1.76	31.56	#	
Sex								
Male	Ŝ	0.23	Ŝ		S	78.23	S	
Female	1.09	0.31	†		2.58	34.36	#	
Ethnicity								
NZ European	0.85	0.25	†		1.87	35.61	#	
Māori	1.53	0.60	†		S	64.34	S	
Pacific/Asian/Other	Ŝ	0.28	Ŝ	*	S	90.34	S	*
Ex-partner violence	Prevalence rate Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more				Incidence rate Number of offences per 100 adults			
	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.	Rate per 100 adults	RSE (%)	RSE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	0.42	0.14	#		1.11	39.79	#	
Sex								
Male	Ŝ	0.11	Ŝ	*	S	117.64	S	
Female	0.70	0.26	†		1.82	43.55	#	
Ethnicity								
NZ European	0.47	0.19	†		S	50.07	S	
Māori	1.24	0.58	†	*	3.64	49.56	#	*
Pacific/Asian/Other	S	0.18	S		S	156.06	S	
Other family violence	Prevalence rate Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more				Incidence rate Number of offences per 100 adults			
	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.	Rate per 100 adults	RSE (%)	RSE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	1.02	0.35	#		S	54.24	S	
Sex								
Male	Ŝ	0.47	Ŝ		S	114.89	S	
Female	1.28	0.52	†		S	56.55	S	
Ethnicity								
NZ European	1.16	0.48	†		S	65.85	S	
Māori	1.98	0.82	†		S	50.08	S	
Pacific/Asian/Other	Ŝ	0.19	Ŝ	*	S	80.20	S	

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Table 5a: Psychological violence by victim demographic factors

Any psychological violence	Prevalence			Prevalence rate			
	Total number of adults victimised once or more			Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more			
	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	104	20.20	#	3.60	0.73	†	
Sex							
Male	48	29.34	#	3.30	0.97	†	
Female	56	21.98	#	3.91	0.85	†	
Age							
15–29 years	38	28.10	#	6.87	1.84	†	*
30–39 years	21	30.51	#	3.38	1.05	†	
40–49 years	21	42.25	#	4.34	1.81	†	
50 years and over	25	44.64	#	2.01	0.90	†	
Ethnicity							
NZ European	69	23.32	#	3.34	0.78	†	
Māori	25	26.31	#	6.57	1.72	†	*
Other	23	46.91	#	3.73	1.69	†	
Stopped from contacting friends / family	Prevalence			Prevalence rate			
	Total number of adults victimised once or more			Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more			
	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	68	25.32	#	2.35	0.60	†	
Sex							
Male	27	34.32	#	1.87	0.65	†	
Female	41	26.89	#	2.84	0.76	†	
Age							
15–29 years	21	35.54	#	3.80	1.35	†	
30–39 years	12	36.25	#	1.98	0.73	†	
40–49 years	18	48.36	#	3.76	1.80	†	
50 years and over	17	44.50	#	1.36	0.62	†	
Ethnicity							
NZ European	45	27.83	#	2.18	0.61	†	
Māori	17	33.48	#	4.29	1.43	†	
Other	S	53.81	S	Ŝ	1.32	Ŝ	

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Note: Other sub-categories of psychological violence ('Stopped from getting healthcare' and 'Pressured into paid work') which contribute to the total could not be reported due to high levels of RSE/MOE.

Table 5b: Psychological violence by victim demographic factors

Followed or tracked	Prevalence			Prevalence rate			
	Total number of adults victimised once or more			Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more			
	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	43	23.23	#	1.49	0.35	†	
Sex							
Male	13	46.97	#	0.91	0.43	†	
Female	30	23.73	#	2.07	0.49	†	
Age							
15–29 years	18	39.16	#	3.22	1.21	†	*
30–39 years	8	42.75	#	1.25	0.55	†	
40 years and over	18	40.00	#	1.03	0.41	†	
Ethnicity							
NZ European	29	29.10	#	1.42	0.41	†	
Māori	13	33.77	#	3.25	1.12	†	*
Other	S	51.69	S	Ŝ	0.58	Ŝ	
Controlled access to phone/internet/transport	Prevalence			Prevalence rate			
	Total number of adults victimised once or more			Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more			
	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	36	28.18	#	1.23	0.35	†	
Sex							
Male	14	44.86	#	0.99	0.45	†	
Female	21	30.42	#	1.47	0.45	†	
Age							
15–29 years	11	48.66	#	1.97	0.93	†	
30–39 years	9	45.88	#	1.46	0.66	†	
40 years and over	16	45.95	#	0.91	0.42	†	
Ethnicity							
NZ European	20	34.23	#	0.99	0.34	†	
Māori	11	34.85	#	2.77	0.96	†	*
Other	S	55.69	S	Ŝ	0.66	Ŝ	

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Note: Other sub-categories of psychological violence ('Stopped from getting healthcare' and 'Pressured into paid work') which contribute to the total could not be reported due to high levels of RSE/MOE.

Table 5c: Psychological violence by victim demographic factors

Stopped from doing paid work	Prevalence Total number of adults victimised once or more			Prevalence rate Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more			
	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	30	31.60	#	1.06	0.33	†	
Sex							
Male	14	48.81	#	0.95	0.46	†	
Female	17	31.66	#	1.17	0.37	†	
Age							
15–29 years	12	47.77	#	2.18	1.03	†	
30–39 years	S	56.36	S	Ŝ	0.50	Ŝ	
40–49 years	S	64.15	S	Ŝ	0.53	Ŝ	
50 years and over	S	65.06	S	Ŝ	0.49	Ŝ	
Ethnicity							
NZ European	19	38.46	#	0.93	0.36	†	
Māori	9	40.40	#	2.31	0.93	†	
Other	S	64.57	S	Ŝ	0.62	Ŝ	

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* Statistically significant difference from the New Zealand average at the 95% confidence level.

Note: Other sub-categories of psychological violence ('Stopped from getting healthcare' and 'Pressured into paid work') which contribute to the total could not be reported due to high levels of RSE/MOE.

Table 6: Family violence including psychological violence, by victim demographic factors

All family violence including psychological violence	Prevalence			Prevalence rate			
	Total number of adults victimised once or more			Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more			
	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	164	14.38		4.15	0.60		
Sex							
Male	67	25.27	#	3.48	0.87	†	
Female	97	16.81		4.78	0.79		
Age							
15–29 years	61	24.66	#	6.42	1.54	†	*
30–39 years	29	25.06	#	4.20	1.08	†	
40–49 years	31	30.96	#	5.31	1.61	†	
50 years and over	41	33.30	#	2.44	0.81	†	*
Ethnicity							
NZ European	117	17.18		4.29	0.73		
Māori	41	20.26	#	7.30	1.48	†	*
Pacific	16	47.79	#	6.17	2.77	†	
Other	S	74.72	S	Ŝ	1.27	Ŝ	*
Intimate partner violence (IPV) including psychological violence	Prevalence			Prevalence rate			
	Total number of adults victimised once or more			Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more			
	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	133	16.13		3.37	0.54		
Sex							
Male	54	25.95	#	2.84	0.72	†	
Female	78	18.27		3.87	0.70		
Age							
15–29 years	48	24.45	#	4.97	1.19	†	
30–39 years	26	26.44	#	3.74	1.00	†	
40–49 years	28	33.52	#	4.74	1.55	†	
50 years and over	31	37.83	#	1.83	0.69	†	*
Ethnicity							
NZ European	92	18.27		3.38	0.62		
Māori	33	22.87	#	5.94	1.36	†	*
Other	25	42.86	#	2.83	1.20	†	

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* Statistically significant difference from the New Zealand average at the 95% confidence level.

Note: During the data collection period (March to October 2018) these psychological violence types were not considered to be criminal offences, and therefore were not included in our crime volume calculations.

Table 7a: Sexual violence by victim demographic factors

Sexual assault incidents	Total number of offences			Prevalence Total number of adults victimised once or more		
	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level
New Zealand average	193	25.98	#	87	22.62	#
Sex						
Male	39	48.61	#	25	44.32	#
Female	154	30.71	#	62	25.57	#
Age						
15–29 years	133	33.34	#	58	31.23	#
30–39 years	S	50.94	S	11	49.76	#
40–49 years	S	61.83	S	9	49.17	#
50 years and over	S	56.27	S	10	47.33	#
Ethnicity						
NZ European	156	30.68	#	71	26.60	#
Māori	38	39.14	#	16	31.08	#
Other	S	60.89	S	S	51.23	S

Table 7b: Sexual violence by victim demographic factors

Sexual assault incidents	Prevalence rate Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more				Incidence rate Number of offences per 100 adults			
	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.	Rate per 100 adults	RSE (%)	RSE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	2.22	0.50	†		4.88	25.98	#	
Sex								
Male	1.32	0.59	†		2.03	48.82	#	*
Female	3.08	0.78	†		7.60	30.77	#	
Age								
15–29 years	6.01	1.83	†	*	13.87	33.66	#	*
30–39 years	1.62	0.80	†		S	50.54	S	
40–49 years	1.46	0.71	†		S	61.80	S	
50 years and over	0.59	0.27	†	*	S	55.88	S	*
Ethnicity								
NZ European	2.61	0.68	†		5.73	30.08	#	
Māori	2.89	0.90	†		6.86	39.32	#	
Other	Ŝ	0.53	Ŝ	*	S	62.25	S	

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* Statistically significant difference from the New Zealand average at the 95% confidence level.

Table 8: Lifetime experience of intimate partner violence (IPV) and sexual violence

Lifetime experience of intimate partner violence (IPV)	Prevalence Total number of adults victimised once or more in their lifetime			Prevalence rate Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more in their lifetime		
	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	%	MoE (±)	MOE level
Deliberately used force or violence	480	6.96		13.43	0.95	
Threat to use force or violence	435	7.28		12.17	0.90	
Any of the above	563	6.43		15.76	1.02	
Lifetime experience of sexual assault	Total number of adults victimised once or more in their lifetime			Prevalence rate Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more in their lifetime		
	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	%	MoE (±)	MOE level
Forced intercourse	499	7.16		12.89	0.92	
Non-consensual sexual touches	894	5.90		23.12	1.35	
Any of the above	904	5.84		23.38	1.35	

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Table 9a: Lifetime experience of intimate partner violence (IPV) by victim demographic factors

Lifetime experience of intimate partner violence (IPV) or threats	Prevalence Total number of adults victimised once or more in their lifetime			Prevalence rate Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more in their lifetime			
	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	563	6.43		15.76	1.02		
Sex							
Male	165	16.39		9.63	1.52		*
Female	398	7.04		21.39	1.53		*
Age							
15–29 years	96	18.34		13.51	2.43		
30–39 years	115	14.30		16.89	2.37		
40–49 years	111	14.45		19.68	2.80		*
50–59 years	123	18.65		19.77	3.15		
60–64 years	45	28.29	#	16.38	4.22	†	
65 years and over	72	20.67	#	10.11	1.93	†	*
Ethnicity							
NZ European	418	7.70		16.49	1.21		
Māori	116	11.04		22.59	2.50		*
Pacific peoples	31	36.55	#	14.73	4.94	†	
Asian ¹	43	36.06	#	9.02	3.13	†	*
Chinese	15	48.24	#	10.43	5.11	†	
Indian	S	69.34	S	Ŝ	4.98	Ŝ	*
Other ethnicity	S	50.42	S	Ŝ	9.96	Ŝ	

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Table 9b: Lifetime experience of intimate partner violence (IPV) by victim demographic factors

Lifetime experience of intimate partner violence (IPV): Deliberate use of force or violence	Total number of adults victimised once or more in their lifetime			Prevalence rate Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more in their lifetime			
	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	480	6.96		13.43	0.95		
Sex							
Male	141	17.25		8.24	1.39		*
Female	339	7.15		18.20	1.32		*
Age							
15–29 years	76	19.70		10.76	2.10		
30–39 years	99	14.23		14.49	2.04		
40–49 years	101	15.42		17.82	2.75		*
50–59 years	108	20.78	#	17.42	3.18	‡	
60–64 years	35	27.04	#	12.70	3.37	‡	
65 years and over	60	23.46	#	8.43	1.82	‡	*
Ethnicity							
NZ European	354	8.74		13.95	1.19		
Māori	102	12.08		19.94	2.41		*
Pacific peoples	26	37.73	#	12.44	4.37	‡	
Asian ¹	38	39.02	#	7.81	2.97	‡	*
Chinese	S	53.13	S	Ŝ	4.92	Ŝ	
Indian	S	71.40	S	Ŝ	4.99	Ŝ	*
Other ethnicity	S	54.67	S	Ŝ	9.37	Ŝ	

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Table 9c: Lifetime experience of intimate partner violence (IPV) by victim demographic factors

Lifetime experience of intimate partner violence (IPV): Threatening to use force or violence	Total number of adults victimised once or more in their lifetime			Prevalence rate Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more in their lifetime			
	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	435	7.28		12.17	0.90		
Sex							
Male	101	20.95	#	5.88	1.19	†	*
Female	334	8.00		17.95	1.49		*
Age							
15–29 years	72	21.94	#	10.20	2.17	†	
30–39 years	86	17.87		12.65	2.19		
40–49 years	89	18.81		15.67	2.82		
50–59 years	93	17.42		14.91	2.42		
60–64 years	36	30.72	#	13.25	3.85	†	
65 years and over	58	23.95	#	8.14	1.82	†	*
Ethnicity							
NZ European	315	8.29		12.43	1.01		
Māori	94	11.39		18.33	2.11		*
Pacific peoples	28	39.98	#	13.43	4.88	†	
Asian ¹	34	43.93	#	7.12	3.03	†	*
Chinese	S	50.69	S	Ŝ	4.51	Ŝ	
Indian	S	88.28	S	Ŝ	4.92	Ŝ	*
Other ethnicity	S	62.03	S	Ŝ	8.76	Ŝ	

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Table 10a: Lifetime experience of sexual violence by victim demographic factors

Lifetime experience of sexual assault	Prevalence Total number of adults victimised once or more in their lifetime			Prevalence rate Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more in their lifetime			
	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	904	5.84		23.38	1.35		
Sex							
Male	229	12.26		12.19	1.47		*
Female	675	6.40		34.01	2.19		*
Age							
15–19 years	49	32.81	#	18.40	5.90	†	
20–29 years	172	16.95		25.35	3.63		
30–39 years	159	12.71		22.90	2.79		
40–49 years	162	10.70		28.08	2.79		*
50–59 years	165	13.48		25.95	3.15		
60–64 years	66	17.23		23.67	3.92		
65 years and over	131	15.64		17.84	2.37		*
Ethnicity							
NZ European	708	6.72		26.31	1.63		
Māori	159	9.31		29.07	2.59		*
Pacific peoples	48	24.15	#	19.12	4.32	†	
Asian ¹	67	26.03	#	11.93	3.11	†	*
Chinese	22	35.38	#	12.31	4.68	†	*
Indian	24	49.47	#	11.48	5.08	†	*
Other ethnicity	11	42.90	#	18.25	7.96	†	

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Table 10b: Lifetime experience of sexual violence by victim demographic factors

Lifetime experience of sexual assault: Forced intercourse	Prevalence Total number of adults victimised once or more in their lifetime			Prevalence rate Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more in their lifetime			
	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	499	7.16		12.89	0.92		
Sex							
Male	94	17.88		5.00	0.90		*
Female	405	7.93		20.39	1.65		*
Age							
15–19 years	23	44.73	#	8.50	4.03	†	
20–29 years	100	20.87	#	14.80	2.87	†	
30–39 years	83	17.77		11.96	1.98		
40–49 years	92	16.02		15.85	2.48		
50–59 years	93	16.54		14.61	2.26		
60–64 years	38	23.54	#	13.69	3.26	†	
65 years and over	70	23.95	#	9.51	2.10	†	*
Ethnicity							
NZ European	375	8.58		13.95	1.14		
Māori	108	11.92		19.63	2.28		*
Pacific peoples	30	33.21	#	12.13	3.76	†	
Asian ¹	32	44.50	#	5.76	2.53	†	*
Chinese	S	58.18	S	Ŝ	2.65	Ŝ	*
Indian	S	74.65	S	Ŝ	4.60	Ŝ	*
Other ethnicity	8	49.69	#	13.57	6.77	†	

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Table 10c: Lifetime experience of sexual violence by victim demographic factors

Lifetime experience of sexual assault: Non-consensual sexual touching	Prevalence Total number of adults victimised once or more in their lifetime			Prevalence rate Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more in their lifetime			
	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	894	5.90		23.12	1.35		
Sex							
Male	227	12.32		12.04	1.46		*
Female	668	6.49		33.64	2.19		*
Age							
15–19 years	48	32.90	#	18.14	5.85	‡	
20–29 years	169	16.94		24.98	3.56		
30–39 years	157	12.77		22.67	2.80		
40–49 years	162	10.72		28.03	2.79		*
50–59 years	163	13.40		25.59	3.07		
60–64 years	65	17.03		23.41	3.86		
65 years and over	129	15.93		17.56	2.41		*
Ethnicity							
NZ European	701	6.72		26.04	1.62		
Māori	157	9.41		28.67	2.57		*
Pacific peoples	48	24.15	#	19.12	4.32	‡	
Asian ¹	66	26.39	#	11.71	3.10	‡	*
Chinese	21	37.32	#	11.61	4.67	‡	*
Indian	24	49.47	#	11.48	5.08	‡	*
Other ethnicity	11	44.14	#	17.71	7.92	‡	

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Table 11a: Non-violent personal crime by victim demographic factors

Non-violent personal crime (fraud and cybercrime)	Prevalence rate Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more			
	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	7.58	0.83		
Ethnicity				
NZ European	8.28	1.03		
Māori	8.85	1.76		
Pacific peoples	7.20	2.94	†	
Asian ¹	3.70	1.41	†	*
Chinese	§	1.82	§	*
India	§	3.02	§	
Other ethnicity	§	5.24	§	
Marital status				
Married/civil union/de facto	7.48	0.99		
Separated/dissolved (divorced)	10.18	2.64	†	
Widowed/surviving partner	4.45	2.00	†	*
Never married or civil union	7.57	1.61	†	
Partnered, legally registered	7.49	0.99		
Partnered, not legally registered	8.21	2.41	†	
Non-partnered	7.55	1.44		
Psychological distress				
Low level of psychological distress	6.93	0.87		
Moderate level of psychological distress	12.21	3.64	†	*
High level of psychological distress	21.47	8.91	†	*
Life satisfaction				
0 to 6 (Least satisfied)	10.01	2.41	†	
7	8.57	2.19	†	
8	7.88	1.56		
9	6.63	1.69	†	
10 (Most satisfied)	6.10	1.38	†	
Perception of safety				
0 to 6 (Least safe)	9.66	2.70	†	
7	9.30	2.51	†	
8	8.47	1.65	†	
9	7.57	1.66	†	
10 (Most safe)	5.38	1.28	†	*

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Table 11b: Non-violent personal crime by victim demographic factors

Non-violent personal crime (fraud and cybercrime)	Prevalence rate Percentage of adults who were victimised once or more			
	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	7.58	0.83		
Personal income				
\$10,000 or less	6.08	2.08	†	
\$10,001–\$20,000	7.76	2.26	†	
\$20,001–\$30,000	6.90	1.66	†	
\$30,001–\$40,000	4.99	1.64	†	*
\$40,001–\$50,000	6.91	2.31	†	
\$50,001–\$60,000	7.64	2.36	†	
\$60,001–\$70,000	8.47	2.90	†	
\$70,001–\$100,000	11.22	2.71	†	*
\$100,001 or more	9.58	2.48	†	
Household income				
\$10,000 or less	8.07	3.37	†	
\$10,001–\$20,000	6.72	2.69	†	
\$20,001–\$30,000	6.39	1.97	†	
\$30,001–\$40,000	5.10	2.12	†	
\$40,001–\$50,000	7.62	2.88	†	
\$50,001–\$60,000	5.49	2.05	†	
\$60,001–\$70,000	8.19	2.77	†	
\$70,001–\$100,000	7.17	1.78	†	
\$100,001–\$150,000	7.60	1.88	†	
\$150,001 or more	11.58	2.59	†	*

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* Statistically significant difference from the New Zealand average at the 95% confidence level.

Table 12a: Property crime by victim demographic factors

Theft and damage	Prevalence rate			
	Percentage of households that were victimised once or more			
	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	4.10	0.49		
Location				
Auckland	3.82	1.02	†	
Waikato	4.49	1.34	†	
Wellington	5.44	1.82	†	
Canterbury	4.03	1.47	†	
Other North Island	4.21	0.91	†	
Other South Island	3.10	1.25	†	
Urban area				
Major urban area	4.41	0.73		
Large urban area	4.77	1.37	†	
Medium urban area	3.71	1.51	†	
Small urban area	4.47	1.70	†	
Rural settlement/Rural other	2.33	0.88	†	*
Perception of safety				
0 to 6 (Least safe)	8.16	1.80	†	*
7	5.30	1.56	†	
8	3.44	0.90	†	
9	3.00	1.02	†	
10 (Most safe)	3.49	0.73	†	
Household type				
One person household	3.67	0.87	†	
One parent with child(ren) with or without other person(s)	7.27	2.13	†	*
Couple with no children with or without other person(s)	3.06	0.77	†	
Couple with child(ren) with or without other person(s)	4.39	1.13	†	
Other household composition	5.50	2.17	†	

Percentage has a margin of error between 10 and 20 percentage points or the estimate/mean has a relative standard error between 20% and 50% and should be used with caution.

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* Statistically significant difference from the New Zealand average at the 95% confidence level.

Table 12b: Property crime by victim demographic factors

Vehicle offences	Prevalence rate			
	Percentage of households that were victimised once or more			
	%	MoE (\pm)	MOE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	5.68	0.65		
Perception of safety				
0 to 6 (Least safe)	10.73	2.26	†	*
7	7.36	1.74	†	
8	5.69	1.16	†	
9	4.09	1.01	†	
10 (Most safe)	4.30	1.05	†	
Household income				
\$20,000 or less	5.17	1.61	†	
\$20,001–\$30,000	3.94	1.19	†	
\$30,001–\$40,000	4.06	1.61	†	
\$40,001–\$50,000	4.85	1.60	†	
\$50,001–\$60,000	5.22	1.68	†	
\$60,001–\$70,000	5.30	1.84	†	
\$70,001–\$100,000	6.65	1.40	†	
\$100,001–\$150,000	7.87	1.65	†	
\$150,001 or more	6.41	1.90	†	
Household size				
One person household	4.02	0.92	†	*
Two people household	4.98	1.03	†	
Three people household	7.53	1.69	†	
Four people household	8.23	1.76	†	*
Five or more people household	7.97	2.41	†	
Number of children in household				
No children household	5.29	0.72		
One child household	7.54	1.98	†	
Two or more children household	6.70	1.63	†	

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* Statistically significant difference from the New Zealand average at the 95% confidence level.

Table 12c: Property crime by victim demographic factors

Burglary	Prevalence rate			
	Percentage of households that were victimised once or more			
	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	12.07	0.82		
Location				
Auckland	13.15	1.68		
Waikato	15.56	2.98		
Wellington	10.35	2.21	†	
Canterbury	9.76	2.22	†	
Other North Island	13.44	1.83		
Other South Island	7.72	2.42	†	*
Urban area				
Major urban area	12.60	1.28		
Large urban area	13.14	2.51	†	
Medium urban area	10.83	2.85	†	
Small urban area	13.86	2.82	†	
Rural settlement/Rural other	8.67	1.90	†	*
Perception of safety				
0 to 6 (Least safe)	27.23	3.46		*
7	15.92	2.51		*
8	11.74	1.44		
9	9.46	1.51		*
10 (Most safe)	7.06	1.10		*
Household type				
One person Household	12.27	1.47		
One parent with child(ren)	20.61	3.82	†	*
One parent with child(ren) and other person(s)	18.85	5.51	†	*
Couple only	8.41	1.43		*
Couple with no children, and other person(s)	10.47	3.42	†	
Couple with child(ren)	12.73	1.94		
Couple with child(ren), and other person(s)	12.68	3.84	†	
Multiple family household	12.50	5.22	†	
Other multi-person household	14.80	3.55	†	
Household size				
One person household	12.27	1.47		
Two people household	9.76	1.29		*
Three people household	13.84	2.30		
Four people household	13.59	2.29		
Five or more people household	15.59	3.30	†	

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* Statistically significant difference from the New Zealand average at the 95% confidence level.

Table 12d: Property crime by victim demographic factors

Burglary	Prevalence rate			
	Percentage of households that were victimised once or more			
	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	12.07	0.82		
Number of children in household				
No children household	10.90	0.86		
One child household	14.62	2.60		
Two children household	14.81	2.77	‡	
Three children household	18.44	5.69	‡	
Four or more children household	26.59	8.60	‡	*
Residence ownership				
Owned (including with a mortgage)	10.49	0.94		
Rented, private	13.94	1.73		
Rented, government (local/central)	21.17	3.74	‡	*

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* Statistically significant difference from the New Zealand average at the 95% confidence level.

Table 13.1a: Crime rates by total number of incidents the victim experienced

All offences	Number of incidents experienced by number of times victimised					
	(000s)	Household RSE (%)	RSE level	Person RSE (%)	RSE level	Proportion of incidents experienced
All NZ victims	1,777	7.41		13.30		100%
Victim of one incident	482	6.74		11.14		27%
Victim of two incidents	286	11.71		16.93		16%
Victim of three incidents	176	19.52		29.07	#	10%
Victim of four incidents	121	30.54	#	36.84	#	7%
Victim of five or more incidents	712	20.50	#	25.37	#	40%

Table 13.1b: Crime rates by total number of incidents the victim experienced

All offences	Number of victims of all offences by number of times victimised				
	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	Proportion of adult New Zealanders	Proportion of victims
All NZ victims	1,155	4.89		29%	100%
Victim of one incident	713	5.85		18%	62%
Victim of two incidents	221	12.59		6%	19%
Victim of three incidents	83	19.04		2%	7%
Victim of four incidents	43	27.36	#	1%	4%
Victim of five or more incidents	96	19.57		2%	8%

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Table 13.2a: Crime rates by total number of incidents the victim experienced

Household offences	Number of household incidents experienced by number of times victimised				Number of victims of household offences by number of times victimised			
	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	Proportion of incidents experienced	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	Proportion of victims
All NZ victims	577	7.41		100%	355	5.58		100%
Victim of one incident	249	6.44		43%	249	6.44		70%
Victim of two incidents	119	13.03		21%	59	13.03		17%
Victim of three incidents	63	22.20	#	11%	21	22.20	#	6%
Victim of four incidents	51	26.42	#	9%	13	26.42	#	4%
Victim of five or more incidents	95	27.38	#	16%	13	24.81	#	4%
Personal offences	Number of personal incidents experienced by number of times victimised				Number of victims of personal offences by number of times victimised			
	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	Proportion of incidents experienced	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	Proportion of victims
All NZ victims	1,200	13.30		100%	575	7.93		100%
Victim of one incident	398	9.67		33%	398	9.67		69%
Victim of two incidents	130	22.61	#	11%	65	22.61	#	11%
Victim of three incidents	114	30.42	#	9%	38	30.42	#	7%
Victim of four incidents	61	39.62	#	5%	15	39.62	#	3%
Victim of five or more incidents	497	28.06	#	41%	59	27.12	#	10%
Interpersonal violence	Number of interpersonal violence incidents experienced by number of times victimised				Number of victims of interpersonal violence by number of times victimised			
	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	Proportion of incidents experienced	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	Proportion of victims
All NZ victims	748	18.26		100%	295	11.28		100%
Victim of one incident	187	14.29		25%	187	14.29		63%
Victim of two incidents	61	32.64	#	8%	30	32.64	#	10%
Victim of three incidents	66	36.64	#	9%	22	36.64	#	7%
Victim of four incidents	42	46.16	#	6%	10	46.16	#	4%
Victim of five or more incidents	392	31.62	#	52%	45	29.46	#	15%

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Table 13.2b: Crime rates by total number of incidents the victim experienced

Burglary	Number of burglary incidents experienced by number of times victimised				Number of victims of burglary by number of times victimised			
	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	Proportion of incidents experienced	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	Proportion of victims
All NZ victims	312	9.30		100%	215	6.77		100%
Victim of one Incident	165	7.21		53%	165	7.21		77%
Victim of two incidents	56	19.50		18%	28	19.50		13%
Victim of three incidents	30	35.88	#	10%	10	35.88	#	5%
Victim of four or more incidents	60	26.51	#	19%	12	25.33	#	5%
Fraud and cybercrime	Number of fraud and cybercrime incidents experienced by number of times victimised				Number of victims of fraud and cybercrime by number of times victimised			
	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	Proportion of incidents experienced	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	Proportion of victims
All NZ victims	391	11.98		100%	299	10.98		100%
Victim of one incident	255	12.17		65%	255	12.17		85%
Victim of more than one incident	137	27.06	#	35%	44	25.63	#	15%
Victim of more than two incidents	92	36.53	#	24%	22	36.54	#	7%
Theft and damage	Number of theft and property damage incidents experienced by number of times victimised				Number of victims of theft and property damage by number of times victimised			
	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	Proportion of incidents experienced	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	Proportion of victims
All NZ victims	105	15.64		100%	73	11.99		100%
Victim of one incident	60	13.42		57%	60	13.42		82%
Victim of more than one incident	45	31.17	#	43%	13	28.04	#	18%
Victim of more than two incidents	36	37.54	#	34%	8	35.27	#	12%

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Table 13.2c: Crime rates by total number of incidents the victim experienced

Vehicle offences	Number of vehicle offence incidents experienced by number of times victimised				Number of victims of vehicle offence incidents by number of times victimised			
	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	Proportion of incidents experienced	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	Proportion of victims
All NZ victims	117	12.26		100%	101	11.48		100%
Victim of one incident	90	11.96		77%	90	11.96		89%
Victim of more than one incident	27	31.89	#	23%	11	31.05	#	11%
Family violence	Number of family violence incidents experienced by number of times victimised				Number of victims of family violence incidents by number of times victimised			
	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	Proportion of incidents experienced	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	Proportion of victims
All NZ victims	191	27.66	#	100%	79	19.25		100%
Victim of one incident	48	24.54	#	25%	48	24.54	#	61%
Victim of more than one incident	143	36.93	#	75%	31	34.54	#	39%
Intimate partner violence (IPV)	Number of intimate partner violence incidents experienced by number of times victimised				Number of victims of intimate partner violence incidents by number of times victimised			
	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	Proportion of incidents experienced	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	Proportion of victims
All NZ victims	113	24.65	#	100%	44	21.21	#	100%
Victim of one incident	23	30.52	#	21%	23	30.52	#	53%
Victim of more than one incident	89	30.99	#	79%	21	33.37	#	47%

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Table 14.1: Proportion of incidents perceived to be driven by discrimination, by offence type and form of discrimination

All offences	Proportion of incidents perceived to be driven by discrimination (by form of discrimination)		
	%	MoE (\pm)	MOE level
All discrimination	19.92	3.90	†
Race/Religion	6.46	2.01	†
Sex	13.69	3.62	†
Age	7.25	3.08	†
Sexuality	6.24	2.51	†
Personal offences	Proportion of personal incidents perceived to be driven by discrimination (by form of discrimination)		
	%	MoE (\pm)	MOE level
All discrimination	26.37	5.31	†
Race/Religion	7.82	2.87	†
Sex	19.11	4.96	†
Age	9.42	4.39	†
Sexuality	8.43	3.57	†
Household offences	Proportion of household incidents perceived to be driven by discrimination (by form of discrimination)		
	%	MoE (\pm)	MOE level
All discrimination	5.85	1.89	#
Race/Religion	3.52	1.40	#
Sex	1.87	0.90	#
Age	Ŝ	1.32	Ŝ
Sexuality	Ŝ	0.84	Ŝ
Interpersonal violence	Proportion of interpersonal violence incidents perceived to be driven by discrimination (by form of discrimination)		
	%	MoE (\pm)	MOE level
All discrimination	38.96	7.71	†
Race/Religion	10.99	4.44	†
Sex	29.53	7.34	†
Age	Ŝ	6.77	Ŝ
Sexuality	12.86	5.44	†
Sexual violence	Proportion of sexual violence incidents perceived to be driven by discrimination (by form of discrimination)		
	%	MoE (\pm)	MOE level
All discrimination	78.94	9.32	†
Race/Religion	S	55.74	S
Sex	70.31	9.50	†
Age	23.35	9.76	†
Sexuality	35.06	12.20	#

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Table 14.2: Proportion of family violence incidents perceived to be driven by discrimination, by relationship with offender

Family violence	Proportion of family violence incidents perceived to be driven by discrimination (by relationship with offender)		
	%	MoE (\pm)	MOE level
All family violence	15.53	7.47	#
Intimate partner violence	23.88	10.90	#
Partner Violence	§	12.89	§
Ex-partner Violence	§	17.67	§
Other Family Violence	§	6.18	§

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Table 15.1: Proportion of family violence incidents perceived to have happened for different reasons

All family violence	Proportion of family violence incidents		
Perceived reasons for family violence	%	MoE (±)	MOE level
Argument	44%	14.90	#
Financial	22%	10.60	#
Jealousy	33%	12.50	#
Separation	17%	8.35	†
Other ¹	58%	13.88	#
Intimate partner violence (IPV)	Proportion of intimate partner violence incidents		
Perceived reasons for intimate partner violence (IPV)	%	MoE (±)	MOE level
Argument	52%	13.70	#
Financial	§	13.32	§
Jealousy	40%	13.49	#
Separation	25%	10.96	#
Other ¹	52%	13.28	#

Table 15.2: Proportion of family violence incidents in which the offender was under the influence of a alcohol, drugs, or alcohol and drugs

Family violence	Proportion of all family violence incidents		
Offender under the influence of alcohol and/or drugs	%	MoE (±)	MOE level
Alcohol	31%	18.00	#
Drugs	25%	7.57	†
Alcohol and/or drugs	40%	19.57	#

Table 15.3: Proportion of family violence incidents in which the victim was under the influence of alcohol and/or drugs, by family violence type

Family violence	Proportion of all family violence incidents		
Victim under the influence of alcohol and/or drugs	%	MoE (±)	MOE level
All family violence	12%	5.96	†
Intimate partner violence	17%	8.68	†
Partner violence	§	13.38	§
Ex-partner violence	§	10.52	§
Other family violence	§	2.60	§

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§ Suppressed as the numerator and/or denominator of the ratio estimate has a relative standard error greater than or equal to 50%, which is considered too unreliable for general use.

Table 16: Reporting to Police by offence type and offence group

All offences	Proportion of offences reported to Police			
Offence type	% of offences	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.
All offences	22.86	2.42		
Household	34.48	5.40		*
Personal	17.27	4.44		
Burglary	35.74	8.32		*
Theft of motor vehicle	81.54	11.09	#	*
Theft from motor vehicle	47.14	16.31	#	*
Unlawful interference	31.83	15.79	#	
Damage to motor vehicle	25.39	13.91	#	
Hhold theft and prop damage	19.24	10.87	#	
Trespass	27.37	19.42	#	
Pers theft and prop damage	24.18	17.49	#	
Assault and robbery	18.03	5.67	†	
Fraud and cybercrime	7.07	5.54	†	*
Threats	27.59	9.01	†	
All offences	Proportion of offences reported to Police			
Offence group	% of offences	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.
All offences	22.86	2.42		
Violent interpersonal offences	22.31	5.36	†	
Theft and property damage	20.88	8.38	†	
Fraud	7.07	5.54	†	*
Vehicle offences	45.06	9.02		*
Burglary	35.74	8.32		*
Trespass	27.37	19.42	#	
Sexual offences	S	7.32	§	*
Threat and personal damage	27.97	8.80	†	
Non-sexual assault and robbery	28.78	7.52	†	
Family violence offences	Proportion of offences reported to Police			
Family violence type	% of offences	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.
All family violence	26.94	10.79	#	
Intimate Partner Violence	S	36.93	S	
Partner violence	37.42	19.57	#	
Ex-partner Violence	S	36.69	S	
Other family violence	§	8.88	§	

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§ Suppressed as the numerator and/or denominator of the ratio estimate has a relative standard greater than or equal to 50%, which is considered too unreliable for general use.

* Statistically significant difference from the proportion of total offences ('All offences' or 'All family violence') reported to police at the 95% confidence level.

Note: The reporting rate for sexual offences was suppressed due to a low level of accuracy. Sexual assaults were included in the assault and robbery offence type.

Table 17a: Reporting to Police by victim demographic factors

All offences	Proportion of offences reported to Police			
	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	22.86	2.42		
Sex				
Male	22.04	4.18		
Female	23.46	3.70		
Self-identified gender¹				
Male	21.95	4.55		
Female	23.59	3.97		
Sexual orientation				
Heterosexual or straight	23.39	2.59		
Gay, lesbian or bisexual	13.36	6.98	†	*
Other	S	54.65	S	
Age				
15–29 years	17.52	3.91	†	
30–39 years	30.72	10.31	#	
40–49 years	24.42	8.52	†	
50–59 years	27.61	10.37	#	
60–64 years	16.25	10.53	#	
65 years and over	22.44	9.26	†	
Deprivation				
Deciles 1 and 2 (Least deprived)	13.60	7.27	†	
Decile 3	18.77	7.90	†	
Decile 4	26.36	16.35	#	
Decile 5	17.24	8.12	†	
Decile 6	22.52	1.87	†	
Decile 7	25.34	2.88	†	
Deciles 8 and 9	27.99	11.99	#	
Decile 10 (Most deprived)	28.40	11.29	#	
Life satisfaction				
0 to 6 (Least satisfied)	20.06	2.77	†	
7	23.59	6.53	†	
8	20.69	5.14		
9	24.98	9.12	†	
10 (Most satisfied)	29.04	15.76	#	
Perception of safety				
0 to 6 (Least safe)	26.17	10.96	#	
7	22.03	8.30	†	
8	23.36	5.24		
9	20.57	10.77	#	
10 (Most safe)	21.03	2.72	†	

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¹ Note: Data related to other self-identified gender categories are suppressed due to high MOE.

Table 17b: Reporting to Police by victim demographic factors

All offences	Proportion of offences reported to Police			
	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	22.86	2.42		
Employment status				
Employed	23.44	2.96		
Unemployed	17.35	11.08	#	
Retired	22.28	11.06	#	
Home or caring duties	33.54	17.42	#	
Not working, studying	9.86	4.37	‡	*
Not employed, not actively seeking work	S	27.20	S	
Other (not specified)	Ŝ	19.96	Ŝ	
Household income				
\$10,000 or less	19.58	10.64	#	
\$10,001–\$20,000	35.11	19.12	#	
\$20,001–\$30,000	26.37	13.57	#	
\$30,001–\$40,000	S	30.29	S	
\$40,001–\$50,000	17.61	2.76	‡	*
\$50,001–\$60,000	24.58	10.53	#	
\$60,001–\$70,000	18.08	9.48	‡	
\$70,001–\$100,000	27.71	9.00	‡	
\$100,001–\$150,000	21.71	7.85	‡	
\$150,001 or more	15.67	3.01	‡	*
Household type				
One person household	25.05	7.78	‡	
One parent with child(ren)	30.90	14.58	#	
One parent with child(ren) and other person(s)	25.80	16.59	#	
Couple with no child(ren) with or without other person(s)	18.85	7.04		
Couple with child(ren) with or without other person(s)	24.78	6.02	‡	
Other household composition	17.21	8.03	‡	
Number of children in household				
No children household	19.90	2.04		
One child household	34.07	18.96	#	
Two children household	27.96	3.03	‡	
More than two children household	30.07	19.97	#	

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Table 17c: Reporting to Police by victim demographic factors

All offences	Proportion of offences reported to Police			
	%	MoE (±)	MOE level	Sig.
New Zealand average	22.86	2.42		
Perceived level of incident's seriousness				
0 - Not serious at all	9.76	4.88	†	*
1 and 2	6.02	4.94	†	*
3	18.92	8.69	†	
4	20.97	9.79	†	
5	27.17	7.46	†	
6	20.26	9.69	†	
7	38.14	17.20	#	
8	36.86	4.74	†	*
9	38.17	19.71	#	
10 - Very Serious	40.04	4.52	†	*
Perception of incident's criminality				
Viewed as a crime	33.05	4.07		*
Viewed as not a crime	9.23	6.25	†	*
Relation with offender				
A family member	26.48	8.79	†	
An intimate partner	35.27	19.15	#	
A current partner	36.12	18.37	#	
An other family member	16.95	5.33	†	
A community member	25.03	5.97	†	
A known associate	21.69	7.80	†	
A stranger	25.76	5.28	†	
An ex-partner	S	26.33	S	

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Table 18.1a: Family violence victim awareness of family violence services

Family violence victims	Total number of family violence victims aware of organisation			Proportion of family violence victims aware of organisation		
	Organisation	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	%	MoE (±)
Victim Support	114	16.89		65.31	6.70	
Women's Refuge	134	15.41		76.64	7.15	
Rape Crisis	73	20.20	#	42.14	6.30	†
Citizens Advice Bureau	117	16.56		67.02	7.41	
Lifeline Aotearoa	68	23.65	#	38.98	7.08	†
Family Violence Website or Helpline	75	19.99		43.07	6.56	
Victims of Crime Information Line	29	32.44	#	16.68	5.09	†
None	S	53.56	S	Ŝ	4.28	Ŝ

Table 18.2: Family violence victims who contacted services or family/whānau for help

Family violence victims	Total number of family violence victims who contacted family violence organisations or family/whānau for help			Proportion of family violence victims that contacted family violence organisations or family/whānau for help		
	Organisation or family/whānau	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	%	MoE (±)
Victim Support	14	39.42	#	11.99	5.06	†
Women's Refuge	13	35.44	#	10.18	3.59	†
Rape Crisis	S	81.89	S	Ŝ	1.91	Ŝ
Citizens Advice Bureau	9	45.00	#	7.62	3.65	†
Lifeline Aotearoa	S	90.13	S	Ŝ	2.43	Ŝ
Family Violence Website or Helpline	S	61.10	S	Ŝ	3.69	Ŝ
Victims of Crime Information Line	S	99.07	S	Ŝ	3.32	Ŝ
Salvation Army	S	52.89	S	Ŝ	2.70	Ŝ
Whanau Ora	7	45.22	#	4.04	1.80	†
Work Support	S	52.48	S	Ŝ	2.35	Ŝ
Court Services	8	39.77	#	5.07	2.09	†
Government Agency	9	44.56	#	5.24	2.39	†
Other organisation	19	35.92	#	11.10	3.98	†
Any support organisation	39	23.47	#	23.15	5.64	†
Asked family for help	67	22.93	#	39.79	7.62	†

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Table 18.3: Type of help received by family violence victims who asked family/whānau for help

Family violence victims who asked family/whānau for help	Total number of family violence victims who asked family/whānau for help			Proportion of family violence victims that asked family/whānau for help		
	Type of help received	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	%	MoE (±)
Received help	63	21.70	#	93.97	5.94	†
Someone to talk to	55	24.68	#	87.57	7.20	†
How to keep safe	24	31.30	#	38.28	10.67	#
Other advice	20	49.92	#	31.49	13.13	#
Financial help	14	49.61	#	22.62	10.30	#
Help with transport	7	49.78	#	10.90	5.44	†
Help with children or dependents	17	48.76	#	26.27	11.80	#
Other help ¹	21	43.31	#	32.68	10.63	#

Table 18.4 Reasons why family violence victims did not ask for help from a support service or from family/whānau

Family violence victims who did not ask for help from a support service	Total number of family violence victims who did not ask for help from a support service, by reason			Proportion of family violence victims who did not ask for help from a support service, by reason		
	Reason for not asking for help	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	%	MoE (±)
Don't know who to ask/where to go	9	49.33	#	6.78	3.38	†
Private matter	23	33.56	#	16.96	5.53	†
Fear noone would help	11	46.54	#	7.77	3.65	†
Didn't need help	41	33.63	#	30.45	8.91	†
Wanted to handle it myself	30	40.08	#	22.08	8.27	†
No reason	19	42.28	#	14.03	5.90	†
Other ²	31	40.91	#	22.74	7.97	†
Family violence victims who did not ask for help from family/whānau	Total number of family violence victims who did not ask for help from family/whānau, by reason			Proportion of family violence victims that did not ask for help from family/whānau, by reason		
Reason for not asking for help	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	%	MoE (±)	MOE level
Private matter	17	37.71	#	16.65	6.13	†
Didn't need help	32	35.11	#	31.30	9.40	†
Wanted to handle it myself	21	34.73	#	21.03	6.73	†
No reason	18	49.27	#	17.52	7.92	†
Other ³	19	33.94	#	19.12	5.88	†

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¹Other help includes: Shelter/Alternative accommodation, They talked to the offender and Other unspecified help

²Other reasons include: Fear of offender finding out, Embarrassment, Thought it was normal behaviour, Might not be believed, No access to phone/internet and Other unspecified reason

³Other reasons include: Don't know who to ask/where to go, Fear noone would help, Fear of offender finding out, Embarrassment, Thought it was normal behaviour, Might not be believed, No access to phone/internet and Other unspecified reason.

Table 18.5: Type of support received by family violence victims from support organisations

Family violence victims	Total number of family violence victims who received help from support organisations, by type of support received			Proportion of family violence victims that received help from support organisations, by type of support received		
	(000s)	RSE (%)	RSE level	%	MoE (±)	MOE level
Obtaining useful information	26	28.71	#	66.74	11.05	#
General conversation	23	27.22	#	58.14	9.87	†
Counselling	14	33.69	#	36.65	10.34	#
Legal advice	12	31.89	#	30.26	9.53	†
Advice on keeping safe	14	34.73	#	36.21	11.31	#
Other advice	9	34.81	#	23.03	8.08	†
Help with children or dependents	7	39.95	#	16.82	6.14	†
Financial help	5	45.89	#	12.20	5.44	†
Help with transport	S	54.55	S	Ŝ	5.05	Ŝ
Help with language/translation	S	92.81	S	Ŝ	2.90	Ŝ
Shelter/alternative accommodation	S	67.86	S	Ŝ	5.09	Ŝ
Other	S	88.11	S	Ŝ	3.02	Ŝ
None	S	56.68	S	Ŝ	7.32	Ŝ

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